## Listing of the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## Claims 1 - 9: (Cancelled).

- (Currently amended) A process for continuously preparing an ethylene 10. homopolymer or copolymer in a high-pressure tube reactor in presence of at least one free-radical polymerization initiator and, optionally, at least one molecular weight regulator at from 120°C to 350°C and a pressure from 400 1000 to 4000 bar, wherein the ethylene homopolymer or copolymer is separated from unpolymerized ethylene and optionally from comonomers in a high-pressure stage at a pressure from 100 to 500 bar and at least one low-pressure stage at a pressure from 1 to 100 bar, the unpolymerized ethylene separated off in the highpressure stage is separated from any remaining monomeric, oligomeric and/or polymeric constituents and is re-circulated to a first inlet of a first the tube reactor in a high-pressure circuit, and the unpolymerized ethylene separated off in the low-pressure stage is separated from any remaining monomeric, oligomeric and/or polymeric constituents and is re-circulated to a second inlet of a-second the tube reactor in a low-pressure circuit, wherein the free-radical polymerization initiator is used as a solution in an isoparaffinic solvent, the isoparaffinic solvent comprising a boiling point equal to or less than 160°C, and the isoparaffinic solvent is separated from the monomeric, oligomeric and/or polymeric constituents in the low-pressure circuit, and the isoparaffinic solvent is reused for dissolving the free-radical polymerization initiator.
- 11. (Currently amended) The process of claim 10, wherein the isoparaffinic solvent is separated off in the low-pressure circuit by means of at least one first gas-liquid separator and at least one second last gas-liquid separator connected in series, with the temperature being reduced from the first-gas-liquid separator to the last gas-liquid separator so that the monomeric, oligomeric or polymeric

- - constituents are separated out in the <u>a\_first\_gas-liquid</u> separator and the isoparaffinic solvent is <u>essentially</u> separated out as <del>essentially</del> liquid in the <u>a\_last\_gas-liquid</u> separator.
  - **12.** (Currently amended) The process of claim 10, wherein the isoparaffinic solvent comprises has a boiling point equal to or less than 150°C.
  - **13.** (Currently amended) The process of claim 10, wherein the isoparaffinic solvent comprises has a boiling point equal to or less than 135°C.
  - 14. (Previously presented) The process of claim 10, wherein the isoparaffinic solvent which has been separated off is used without further purification for dissolving the free-radical polymerization initiator.
  - 15. (Previously presented) The process of claim 11, wherein the pressure upstream of the last gas-liquid separator is increased such that the isoparaffinic solvent condenses while ethylene monomer is in a gaseous state.
  - **16.** (Currently amended) The process of claim 10, wherein the isoparaffinic solvent comprises has a spontaneous ignition temperature of at least 250°C.
  - 17. (Currently amended) The process of claim 10, wherein the isoparaffinic solvent comprises has a spontaneous ignition temperature of at least 300°C.
  - 18. (Currently amended) The process of claim 10, wherein the isoparaffinic solvent used is a mixture of which at least one isoparaffin comprising has a boiling point from 100 to 150°C.
  - **19.** (Currently amended) The process of claim 10, wherein the isoparaffinic solvent used is a mixture of which at least one isoparaffin comprising has a boiling point from 110 to 140°C.

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- 20. (Currently amended) An apparatus for polymerizing ethylene at high-pressure and, optionally, in the presence of one or more componers comprising:
- a) at least one a high-pressure tube reactor comprising an inlet and at least one feed point for a monomer and at least one feed point for a solution of polymerization initiators;
  - b) at least one mixing vessel for dissolving the polymerization initiators in an isoparaffinic solvent comprising having a boiling point equal to or less than 160°C, connected to the at least one of the feed point points;
  - c) at least one high-pressure stage and at least one low-pressure stage for separating unpolymerized reaction constituents <u>from the polymer</u> product;
  - d) at least one high-pressure circuit for re-circulating the monomer separated off in the high-pressure stage to the inlet feed point of the high-pressure tube reactor:
  - e) at least one low-pressure circuit for re-circulating monomer separated off in the low-pressure stage, the low-pressure circuit comprising at least one first separator for separating other reaction constituents from the monomer and solvent, and at least one last separator for separating the solvent from the monomer, with at least one heat exchangers between separators exchanger; and
  - f) a return line for re-circulating the solvent from the last separator to the mixing vessel.
- 21. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 20, wherein comprising a collection stock vessel is between the return line and the mixing vessel.

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